Supporting Information

to

Easy enrichment of graphitic nitrogen to prepare highly catalytic carbons for oxygen reduction reaction

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Sample	Carbonization yield / wt. %	C content / wt. %	H content / wt. %	N content / wt. %	O content / wt. %
MSC30	-	95.15	0.55	0.30	4.00
MSC30-U1	-	82.46	1.41	7.65	8.48
MSC30-U2	-	78.44	1.62	11.91	8.03
MSC30-U1-700	86	94.94	0.52	3.07	1.47
MSC30-U1-900	82	96.79	0.31	1.83	1.06
MSC30-U1-1100	60	98.67	0.45	0.34	0.55
MSC30-U1-1300	53	98.88	0.33	0.22	0.57
MSC30-U2-700	76	92.02	0.68	5.27	2.03
MSC30-U2-900	64	95.16	0.51	3.06	1.27
MSC30-U2-1100	51	97.62	0.71	0.50	1.17
MSC30-U2-1300	50	99.03	0.27	0.32	0.38

Table S1: Bulk, CHN-O contents, measured by elemental analysis, of all carbon materials.

Sample	C / at.%	O / at.%	N / at.%	Graphitic N / at.%	Pyridines / at.%	Pyrroles and pyridones / at.%
MSC30	97.2	2.8	-	-	-	-
MSC30-U1	93.1	2.5	4.4	-	-	-
MSC30-U2	88.8	2.3	8.9	-	-	-
MSC30-U1-700	94.3	3.2	2.5	0.5	1.2	0.8
MSC30-U1-900	96.7	1.7	1.6	0.3	0.8	0.5
MSC30-U1-1100	98.5	1.5	-	-	-	-
MSC30-U1-1300	98.5	1.5	-	-	-	-
MSC30-U2-700	94.3	1.8	4.0	0.4	2.0	1.4
MSC30-U2-900	95.0	2.6	2.6	0.7	1.1	0.9
MSC30-U2-1100	96.9	2.5	0.6	0.6	-	-
MSC30-U2-1300	97.8	2.2	-	-	-	-

Table S2: Surface atomic composition, measured by XPS, for pre-treated and heat-treated MSC30 samples, and their

relative contents in nitrogen species.

Sample	<i>E_{ONSET}</i> / obtained at -0.1 mA·cm ⁻²	<i>E</i> ^{1/2} / V vs RHE	<i>j</i> / mA⋅cm ⁻² at 0.4 V	<i>n</i> at 0.7 V vs RHE
MSC30	0.82	0.74	-3.7	2.8
MSC30-U1	0.81	0.73	-3.5	3.2
MSC30-U2	0.81	0.73	-3.0	3.2
MSC30-U1-700	0.83	0.72	-4.5	3.4
MSC30-U1-900	0.85	0.74	-5.5	3.6
MSC30-U1-1100	0.85	0.74	-4.9	3.6
MSC30-U1-1300	0.83	0.73	-3.5	3.4
MSC30-U2-700	0.83	0.72	-5.5	3.6
MSC30-U2-900	0.85	0.75	-4.5	3.6
MSC30-U2-1100	0.88	0.78	-5.0	3.8
MSC30-U2-1300	0.86	0.76	-4.3	3.5

Table S3: Electrocatalytic ORR performance of the different materials in this study in an O₂-saturated 0.1 M KOH solution.

Sample	Majority of nitrogen	E_{ONSET} / obtained at -0.1 mA·cm ⁻²	n at 0.7 V vs RHE	Reference
MSC30-U2-1100	Graphitic	0.88	3.8	This work
Pt/C	-	0.97	4.0	This work
MW@N1	Pyridines	0.82	3.1	S29
PY-NG	Pyridines	0.70	3.8	S30
NPGN-1:4:10	Pyridines	0.87	3.8	S31
PDA	Pyridines	0.74	3.0	\$32
N-FCNFS	Pyridines	0.89	3.9	\$ 33
GC-900	Pyridines	0.88	3.4	S34
PANI-1100	Graphitic	0.93	3.9	S35
NMC	Graphitic	0.91	3.8	S36
NMGC	Graphitic	0.94	3.9	S37
NDCF(H)-H2	Graphitic	0.94	3.9	S38
PDI-900	Graphitic	0.85	4.0	S39
XC72	Non- doped	0.77	2.2	S40
СВ	Non- doped	0.79	2.2	S40
CNF	Non- doped	0.81	2.5	S40
SW	Non- doped	0.88	3.8	S40
AC	Non- doped	0.80	2.3	S40
KS4	Non- doped	0.74	2.1	S40
CFAT-C	Non- doped	0.82	3.1	S41
CFAT-B	Non- doped	0.81	2.4	S41
CFAT-A	Non- doped	0.80	2.0	S41

Table S4: Electrochemical performance of N-doped carbon materials with the majority of the nitrogen in the form of graphitic or pyridinic N; data obtained from LSV curves at 1600 rpm in an O_2 -saturated 0.1 M KOH solution.

Sample	Doping agent(s)	E_{ONSET} / obtained at - 0.1 mA·cm ⁻²	Limiting current density / mA·cm ⁻² at 0.4 V	N at 0.7 V vs RHE	Reference
MSC30-U2-1100	Ν	0.88	-5.0	3.8	This work
Pt/C	Pt	0.97	-5.1	4.0	This work
CCA	Ν	0.90	-4.5	3.7	S 1
N-CNF-PHEN-900	Ν	0.93	-4.9	3.9	S2
NMCS-3	Ν	0.86	-5.6	3.4	S 3
3D-NHPC4	Ν	0.76	-3.5	3.4	S4
P-PYPZ@700	Ν	0.86	-4.6	3.8	S5
CPNC-5-950	Ν	0.91	-4.9	4.0	S6
C-A-N	Ν	0.93	-5.2	3.7	S 7
Z8&NaCl _{1:1} -950	Ν	0.93	-5.5	3.5	S 8
PANI-O2-1000-N2- 1200	Ν	0.93	-5.5	4.0	S 9
PANI-02-800	Ν	0.75	-5.0	3.0	S 10
NPCF	Ν	0.93	-4.7	3.9	S11
NG-C@G-800	Ν	0.96	-5.6	3.9	S12
BEN-NHCP-1000	Ν	0.96	-5.4	3.8	S13
ACFP5-800	Ν	0.85	2.8	2.5	S14
NGO	Ν	0.75	-2.4	3.2	S15
SN-RGO-900	N, S	0.78	-2	3.8	S16
NB-CDS@CNT	N, B	0.92	-5.8	3.5	S17
XWB-CMP-950	N, S	0.82	-4.7	3.7	S18
NPC	N, P	0.79	-3.2	3.0	S19
PC-N	N, P	0.84	-3.5	3.3	S20
NPLC-3-800	N, P	0.84	-4.1	3.7	S20
NPLC-3-900	N, P	0.68	-1.6	3.0	S21
P-PYPZ@700	Ν	0.85	-4.6	3.4	S21
JUC-528	N, P	0.82	-3.7	3.8	S22
NS-A-PCM-1000	N, S	0.94	-5.2	3.7	S23
NSP-GRA	N, S, P	0.95	-3.6	3.5	S24
D-NSOCS	N, S	0.92	-6.0	3.9	S25
N-B-C-3H	N, B	0.90	-3.4	4.0	S26
N-PHCNSS-800	N, S	0.92	-5.6	3.8	S27
LC-4	N, S	0.95	-4 0	4.0	S28

Table S5: Electrochemical performance of the most recently published carbon-based catalysts; data obtained from LSV curves at 1600 rpm in an O_2 -saturated 0.1 M KOH solution. N represents nitrogen, Pt represents platinum, S represents sulfur, B represents boron and P represents phosphorus.



Figure S1: HR-TEM images of MSC30-U1-1100 at different magnifications.



Figure S2: HR-TEM images of MSC30-U2-1100 at different magnifications.



Figure S3: Full XPS spectra of the MSC30-U1-T samples.



Figure S4: Full XPS spectra of the MSC30-U2-T samples



Figure S5: N1s spectra of (a) MSC30-U1, (b) MSC30-U2 and (c) MSC30. Orange peak represents imines, blue peak represents amines and purple peak represents positively charged nitrogen groups.



Figure S6: 1st-order Raman spectra of MSC30-U2-T samples obtained at a wavelength of 638 nm.



Figure S7: Nitrogen (a,b) and hydrogen (c,d) adsorption isotherms of pristine MSC30 and N-doped carbon materials with the mass ratio carbon to urea of 1:1 (a,c) and 1:2 (b,d).



Figure S8: Cumulative pore volumes calculated by 2D-NLDFT model for samples with carbon to urea ratios of 1 (a) and 2 (b).



Figure S9: LSV curves of the commercial Pt/C electrocatalyst before and after addition of 1 M methanol in an O_2 -saturated 0.1 M KOH solution, at a scan rate of 5 mV·s⁻¹.

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