## Recommended elements to include in an Acute Myocardial Infarction Event Case Report Form in trials including people receiving haemodialysis

A case report form is the tool used by clinical trialists to collect data from each participating patient. The case report form should be completed by the trial site. It enables efficient and complete data collection and together with appropriate source documents, allows for improved adjudication by a clinical events committee.

Recommended elements	Details to include							
General event	Suspected/confirmed myocardial infarction							
information	Date of event							
	Time of ever	ent						
	<ul> <li>Was the ev</li> </ul>	ent the p	rimary re	eason for ho	spitalisat	ion?		
	<ul> <li>Was the ev</li> </ul>	ent the p	rimary ca	ause of deat	:h? (sepa	rate CRF		
	recommen	ded for fa	tal even	ts)				
Clinical presentation	Symptoms suspicious of acute myocardial ischemia including:							
	Chest pain/discomfort							
	Sweating							
	Arm/throat/neck/jaw pain or discomfort							
	• Shortness of	of breath						
	Non-specifi	ic pain, di	scomfor	t or nausea,	over and	above o	r	
	different to, usual background pain, discomfort or nausea.							
ECG	When available, ECGs should be provided, clearly labelled with date and							
	time. Ideal timepoints might include as many of the following as possible:							
	ECG obtained at entry to study							
	ECG prior to event but at a time when patient was stable and							
	asymptomatic							
	ECG at time							
	Serial ECGs subsequent to initial presentation ECG							
	ECG post events		1		1	T.		
Cardiac enzyme/markers		Date	Time	Cardiac	Local	Result	Unit	
				enzyme	lab			
					URL			
	Initial (at							
	presentation							
	with symptoms)							
	Peak							
	*Subsequent 1							
	**Subsequent 2							
	**Subsequent 3			: +		:f: - 00+l-		
	*If the initial cardiac enzyme result is above the sex specific 99th							
	percentile URL and the delta from the initial result to the peak result is >20% then subsequent results are not required							
	•	·						
	** Any dynamic change in cTn or strong clinical suspicion should prompt further cTn samples so as not to miss a significant delta, eg at							
	2 hrs, 4hrs and 6h	•	so as II	ot to iiiiss d	Significal	ii ueila, l	-g at	
Imaging evidence								
maging evidence	<ul> <li>Is there Imaging evidence of new loss of viable myocardium or new regional wall motion abnormality in a pattern consistent with</li> </ul>							
	an ischemic etiology?							
1	an ischellin	- chology	•					

	Modality of imaging	
	Date of imaging	
	Time of imaging	
Identification/exclusion	Yes/No	
of coronary thrombus	<ul> <li>Procedure performed to identify a coronary occlusion thrombus</li> </ul>	
	Date of procedure	
	Time of procedure	
Recommended source	1. Admission summary	
documents	2. Discharge summary	
	3. ECGs as described above	
	4. Imaging reports	
	5. Angiography/PCI/CABG reports	