Supplementary Material

| Supplementary Table 1. Number of B-lines by randomisation groupNumber of B-lines by costal spaceLUS blindLUS openP-value |           |           |         |
|--|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Number of B-lines by costal space  |           | LUS open  | P-value |
|  | 70        | 69        | 0.07    |
| Anterior axillary line 3rd costal space (left)   | 00 (000() | 04 (000() | 0.67    |
| 0  | 63 (93%)  | 61 (90%)  |         |
| 1  | 2 (3%)    | 1 (1%)    |         |
| 2  | 2 (3%)    | 2 (3%)    |         |
| 3  | 1 (1%)    | 3 (4%)    |         |
| Pleural effusion   | 0 (0%)    | 1 (1%)    |         |
| Mid axillary line 3rd costal space (left)  |           |           | 0.82    |
| 0  | 61 (87%)  | 60 (87%)  |         |
| 1  | 4 (6%)    | 3 (4%)    |         |
| 2  | 3 (4%)    | 2 (3%)    |         |
| 3  | 2 (3%)    | 3 (4%)    |         |
| Pleural effusion   | 0 (0%)    | 1 (1%)    |         |
| Anterior axillary line 5th costal space (left)   |           | , ,       | 0.070   |
| 0  | 65 (96%)  | 57 (84%)  |         |
| 1  | 2 (3%)    | 1 (1%)    |         |
| 2  | 1 (1%)    | 4 (6%)    |         |
| 3  | 0 (0%)    | 3 (4%)    |         |
| Pleural effusion   | 0 (0%)    | 3 (4%)    |         |
| Mid axillary line 5th costal space (left)  | 0 (070)   | 0 (170)   | 0.36    |
| 0  | 59 (86%)  | 52 (75%)  | 0.00    |
| 1  | 4 (6%)    | 5 (7%)    |         |
| 2  | 1 (1%)    | 1 (1%)    |         |
| 3  | 4 (6%)    | 9 (13%)   |         |
| 4  | 1 (1%)    | 0 (0%)    |         |
| Pleural effusion   | · · · ·   | · · · /   |         |
|  | 0 (0%)    | 2 (3%)    | 0.70    |
| Anterior axillary line 3rd costal space (right)  |           |           | 0.72    |
| 0  | 65 (93%)  | 62 (90%)  |         |
| 1  | 2 (3%)    | 4 (6%)    |         |
| 2  | 1 (1%)    | 1 (1%)    |         |
| 3  | 1 (1%)    | 2 (3%)    |         |
| 4  | 1 (1%)    | 0 (0%)    |         |
| Mid axillary line 3rd costal space (right)   | ( ()      |           | 0.28    |
| 0  | 63 (90%)  | 62 (90%)  |         |
| 1  | 3 (4%)    | 5 (7%)    |         |
| 2  | 3 (4%)    | 0 (0%)    |         |
| 3  | 1 (1%)    | 2 (3%)    |         |
| Anterior axillary line 5th costal space (right)  |           |           | 0.21    |
| 0  | 64 (91%)  | 59 (86%)  |         |
| 1  | 1 (1%)    | 4 (6%)    |         |
| 2  | 2 (3%)    | 0 (0%)    |         |
| 3  | 1 (1%)    | 4 (6%)    |         |
| Pleural effusion   | 2 (3%)    | 2 (3%)    |         |
| Mid axillary line 5th costal space (right)   |           | , , ,     | 0.56    |
| 0  | 52 (74%)  | 50 (72%)  |         |
| 1  | 7 (10%)   | 11 (16%)  |         |
|  | . (,      |           | 1       |

Supplementary Table 1. Number of B-lines by randomisation group

| 2                | 2 (3%) | 0 (0%) |
|------------------|--------|--------|
| 3                | 6 (9%) | 6 (9%) |
| 4                | 1 (1%) | 0 (0%) |
| Pleural effusion | 2 (3%) | 2 (3%) |

Legend: LUS, lung ultrasound. Note: Only 1 patient, in LUS blind group, presented pleural effusion without the presence of pulmonary B-lines.

Supplementary Table 2. Change in furosemide dose number of B-lines (bilaterally) and randomisation group

| Furosemide dose change | <3 B-lines | ≥3 B-lines |
|------------------------|------------|------------|
| LUS blind              | 52         | 18         |
| No change              | 45 (86.5%) | 12 (66.7%) |
| Decrease               | 1 (1.9%)   | 3 (16.7%)  |
| Increase               | 6 (11.5%)  | 3 (16.7%)  |
| LUS open               | 50         | 19         |
| No change              | 37 (74.0%) | 10 (52.6%) |
| Decrease               | 10 (20.0%) | 0          |
| Increase               | 3 (6.0%)   | 9 (47.4%)  |

Legend: LUS, lung ultrasound.

LUS blind correlation between B-lines and diuretic changes: Spearman Rho =0.19, P =0.13.

LUS open correlation between B-lines and diuretic changes: Spearman Rho =0.30, P =0.014.

| HF medication  | LUS blind  | LUS open   | P-value |
|----------------|------------|------------|---------|
| N.             | 70         | 69         |         |
| ACEi/ARB       |            |            | 0.82    |
| 0              | 27 (39%)   | 29 (42%)   |         |
| <50%           | 15 (21%)   | 16 (23%)   |         |
| ≥50%           | 28 (40%)   | 24 (35%)   |         |
| ARNi           |            |            | 0.93    |
| 0              | 55 (79%)   | 55 (80%)   |         |
| <50%           | 4 (6%)     | 3 (4%)     |         |
| ≥50%           | 11 (16%)   | 11 (16%)   |         |
| Beta-blocker   |            |            | 0.63    |
| 0              | 6 (9%)     | 8 (12%)    |         |
| <50%           | 22 (31%)   | 25 (36%)   |         |
| ≥50%           | 42 (60%)   | 36 (52%)   |         |
| Spironolactone | 28 (40%)   | 38 (55%)   | 0.075   |
| SGLT2i         | 28 (40%)   | 23 (33%)   | 0.41    |
| Furosemide     |            |            | 0.34    |
| 0              | 30 (43%)   | 28 (41%)   |         |
| ≤40 mg/d       | 23 (33%)   | 17 (25%)   |         |
| >40 mg/d       | 17 (24%)   | 24 (35%)   |         |
| Dose, mg/d     | 40 (0, 40) | 40 (0, 80) | 0.45    |
| Thiazide       | 3 (4%)     | 1 (1%)     | 0.32    |

Supplementary Table 3. Heart failure medications by treatment group after LUS

Legend: LUS, lung ultrasound; ACEi/ARB, angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor/angiotensin receptor blocker; ARNi, angiotensin-receptor neprilysin inhibitor; SGLT2i, sodium glucose co-transporter 2 inhibitor.

| Variable                | B-lines Spearman Rho * | P-value |  |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---------|--|
| Edema (yes)             | 0.42                   | <0.001  |  |
| Rales (yes)             | 0.39                   | <0.001  |  |
| Age per 1 year older    | 0.34                   | <0.001  |  |
| NYHA per 1 class        | 0.22                   | 0.011   |  |
| eGFR per 1 ml/min lower | 0.20                   | 0.018   |  |
| BNP per 1 pg/mL higher  | 0.13                   | 0.14    |  |
| LVEF per 1 % lower      | 0.06                   | 0.53    |  |
| Male sex                | 0.06                   | 0.51    |  |
| Weight per 1 Kg higher  | 0.02                   | 0.81    |  |

Supplementary Table 4. Correlation of LUS B-lines with clinical variables

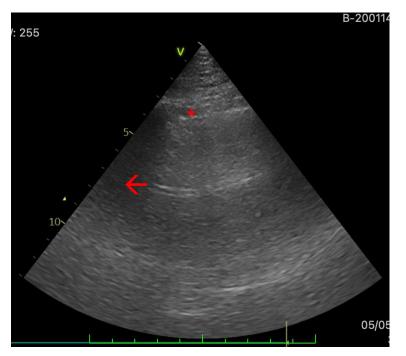
Legend: LUS, lung ultrasound; eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; BNP, brain natriuretic peptide; LVEF, left ventricular ejection fraction. \*Correlation Rho per each B-line increase. Supplementary Table 5. Association of LUS B-lines with the composite outcome\*

| Variable                         | HR (95%CI) *     | P-value |
|----------------------------------|------------------|---------|
| B-lines ≥3 (vs. <3) <sup>1</sup> | 3.03 (1.04-8.81) | 0.041   |

\*Composite outcome of time-to-first of emergency room visit or hospitalisation for worsening heart failure or death from cardiovascular causes analyzed by means of a Cox model over a median follow-up time of 161 (92-268) days.

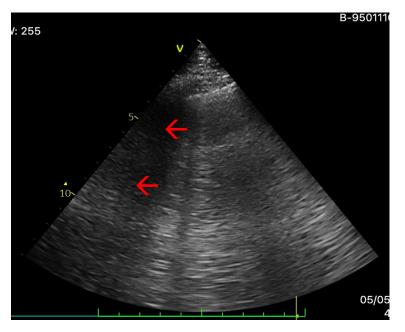
<sup>1</sup> Patients with <3 B-lines bilaterally (n =96) experienced 8 (8.3%) events and patients with  $\geq$ 3 B-lines (n =37) experienced 8 (21.6%) events.

Supplementary Figure 1a. LUS normal pattern.



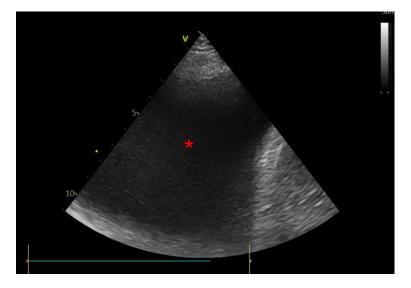
Legend: pleural line identified by a red asterisk (\*) and A-lines (i.e. horizontal artifactual repetitions of the pleural line displayed at regular intervals) identified by a red arrow ( $\rightarrow$ ).

## Supplementary Figure 2b. LUS B-lines.



Legend: B-lines (i.e. vertical hyperechoic reverberation artifacts that arise from the pleural line) identified by a red arrow ( $\rightarrow$ ).

Supplementary Figure 3c. LUS – pleural effusion.



Legend: pleural effusion (i.e. the anechoic space between the parietal and visceral pleura) identified by a red asterisk (\*).