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Simulation of X-ray diffraction peaks of single crystal superalloys



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Objectives :

Simulation of Small Angle X-ray Scattering of Nickel based superalloy to get insight on the shape / distribution effects of precipitates on (000) \checkmark diffraction profiles

✓ Automatic detection of microstructures by training neural networks based on diffraction pattern database

Microstructure Generation		Diffraction peaks calculation
In house Code (Jacques, 2016) Length RVE : 2µm, periodic Volume fraction of precipitates <i>v</i> ² : 0.65	<i>Geometrical Parameters of microstructure</i> → Chamfer length for precipitates: X _{ch}	Particle coordinates (x _{min} , x _{max} , y _{min} , y _{max} , z _{min} , z _{max}), Particle existence (n _{ex}) Chamfer length
<i>Composition</i>	 Surface fraction of precipitates I_{XY} Spatial function amplitude Ampli (periodic: cos. function) 	

> 125 precipitates γ ' in the form of cuboids > 3 × 125 platelets (Px, Py, Pz) between cube faces 6 > 3 × 125 prisms along edges (Ex, Ey, Ez) > 125 prisms at the corners of cuboids 5



Phase field Code : *In progress (coll.* Sandia National Labs, USA)

To simulate more realistic microstructure (Zhou et al. 2010, Stewart and Dingreville, 2020)



> Fraction of Random distribution of precipitates in the matrix: **F**_{rad}



u(x): displacement field G: Diffraction vector F(G,x) : structure factor

SAXS Intensity Diffraction Calculation

 \subseteq G (0,0,0) is used



Examples of microstructures



Regular microstructures generated with different chamfer lengths X_{ch}

Numerical results: 2D(0 0 0) diffraction patterns



2D diffraction patterns of a microstructure with different chamfer lengths

1D diffraction profiles



0

0

Meth



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