

## Plantation density of Corylus avellana influences the precocity and kinetics of burgundy truffle production

Jean-Sébastien Pousse, Christophe Robin, Léon Wehrlen, Henri Frochot

## ▶ To cite this version:

Jean-Sébastien Pousse, Christophe Robin, Léon Wehrlen, Henri Frochot. Plantation density of Corylus avellana influences the precocity and kinetics of burgundy truffle production. Tuber 2018- 3° congresso internazionale di Spoleto sul tartufo, Nov 2008, Spoleto, Italy. 2010, ATTI congresso. hal-04439299

## HAL Id: hal-04439299 https://hal.univ-lorraine.fr/hal-04439299

Submitted on 19 Mar 2024

**HAL** is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.



## INFLUENCES THE PRECOCITY AND KINETICS PLANTATION DENSITY OF Corylus avellana **BURGUNDY TRUFFLE PRODUCTION OF**



FROCHOT1

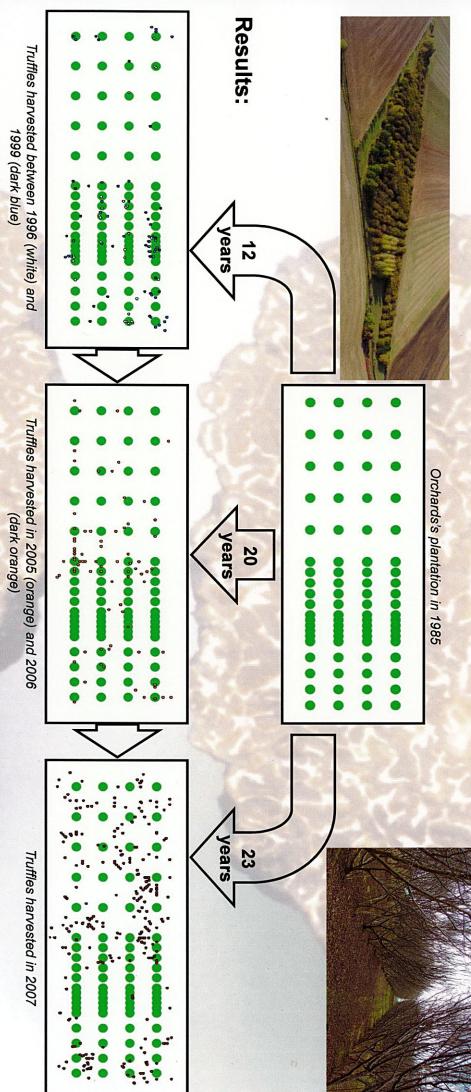
Jean-Sébastien POUSSE¹, Christophe ROBIN², Léon WEHRLEN¹, Henri
¹ INRA, Centre de Nancy, F-54280 Champenoux Cedex
² INRA, ENSAIA, BP 172, F-54505 Vandœuvre Cedex

Objective: To test the influence of tree density on the production of burgundy truffle and its evolution up-to-date

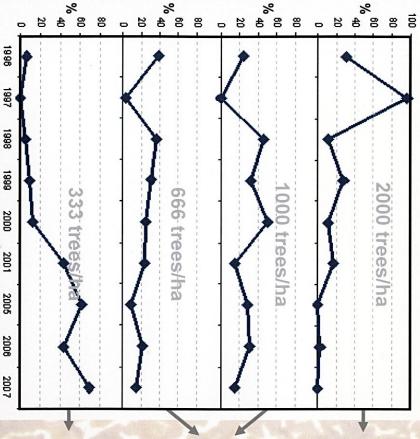
Context: species, in interaction with its host trees. As an example, the most common plantation density for Burgundy truffle orchards in the past 40 years was often adopted from Périgord black truffle. Recommendations for truffle orchards establishment and further management are not always adapted to the ecology of each truffle

A Burgundy truffle hazel orchard was planted in 1985, with four plantation densities in four blocks located near Commercy in the North East part of France (48°45'42 N, 5°35'31 E), 250 km East of Paris. The densities tested were: 2000, 1000, 666 and 333 trees per ha. The exposure of the plot is North, with a 5% slope. The soil is classified as a silt-fine clay with 330, 520 and 150 g.kg-1 of clay, silt and

sand respectively.



the highest to the lowest plantation density. The successive harvests are displayed on the map according to their distance to the trees and azimuth. Production spots change with time from



year after plantation. Highest plantation density (2000 trees/ha) produced early and during the first four years after the beginning of production. This density ceased almost to produce after the 20th

Medium plantations densities (1000 and 666 trees/ha) showed the same history; the optimum was reached between 13 and 16 years after plantation. Afterwards the harvest decreased every year but still produced 23 years after plantation. The production peaked 15 years after plantation for these two densities

present time therefore was The lowest plantation density started to produce truffles 16 antation density started to produce truffles 16 years after plantation, and the latest to initiate production. This density is the most productive at the

Conclusion: Recommendations for burgundy truffle Recommendations for burgundy truffle are the following in order to keep the optimal ecological conditions for the fungi and fructification: plantation density at 1000 to 2000 tree/ha at the installation of the orchard and progressive thinning to 3

Kinetics of the production for the four plantation densities, expressed for each density in percentage of total orchard (whole densities) production.



the free access to its hazel orchard and to Lorraine Regional Council for the financial support and especially the year grant given to JS Pousse. Acknowledgments. We thank the "Association Meusienne des Planteurs et Promoteurs de la Truffe en Lorraine" (AMPPTL) for tree/ha up to 16 years after plantation. propagation 300 and 400

