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Simulations of impurity transport with TERESA and GYSELA codes

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Context: gyrokinetic simulations of impurity transport in the core of tokamaks

Objective: Impacts of impurity concentration, charge, mass, gradients & tor. rotation

Method: • 4D bounce-averaged gyrokinetic simulations (TERESA)
• 5D gyrokinetic simulations with realistic collisions (GYSELA)

Part 2: Diffusion, thermo-diffusion, and curvature pinch

Three terms of TIM and TEM turbulent transport can be isolated in TERESA, and parametric dependencies investigated separately

$$\Gamma_z = -D_z [\nabla n_z + C_T \nabla T_z + C_P \nabla q]$$

Increases (decreases) with increasing Z for TEM (TIM)

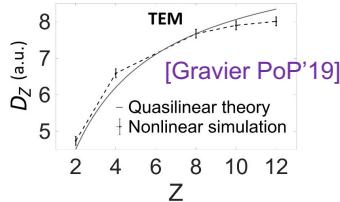
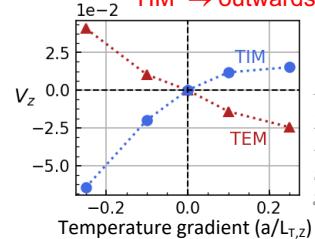


Fig. 2. Impurity diffusion against charge number Z

Thermodiffusion:
 $C_T \downarrow$ as $Z \uparrow$ TEM \rightarrow inwards
TIM \rightarrow outwards



[Lim PPCF'20]

Fig. 3.
Thermodiffusion
velocity V_z
versus impurity
temperature
gradient

Curvature pinch: inward except for strong reversed magnetic shear

Consistent with
[Futatani PRL'10]

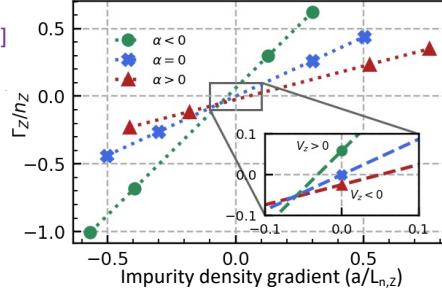


Fig. 4.
Impurity density flux for
 $\nabla T_z = 0$, for
different signs of magnetic shear α

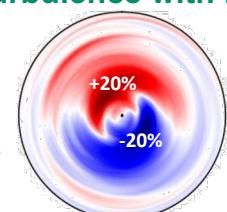
Part 3: impurity transport in ITG turbulence with realistic collisions

Heat source-driven GYSELA simulations with both neoclassical and turbulent transport

[Estève NF'18] [Donnel NF'19]

- Light $Z \rightarrow$ turbulent transp. \rightarrow hollow density profile
- High $Z \rightarrow$ neoclass. transp. \rightarrow peaked density profile
- Turbulence generates 20% up-down asymmetry for tungsten, impacting neoclassical transport

[Lim NF'21] Fig. 5. Poloidal distribution of tungsten



- Toroidal rotation increases in-out asymmetry and central tungsten accumulation.
- Consistent with
[Angioni PPCF'14]

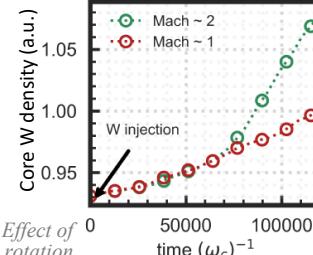


Fig. 6.
Effect of
toroidal rotation